



**YEAR 12
MATHEMATICS
METHODS**

**Test 4, 2023
Section One: Calculator Free
Normal Distribution and Sampling**

STUDENT'S NAME: _____

DATE: Thursday 31st August

TIME: 20 minutes

MARKS: 23

ASSESSMENT %: 10

INSTRUCTIONS:

Standard Items: Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraser

Special Items: Formula sheet

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

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Question 1**(6 marks)**

For a set of data values that are normally distributed, approximately 68% of the values will lie within one standard deviation of the mean, approximately 95% of the values will lie within two standard deviations of the mean and approximately 99.7% of the values will lie within three standard deviations of the mean.

If the weights of a large group of elephants are normally distributed with a mean of 4200 kg and a standard deviation of 450 kg, use the above information to answer the following questions:

- a) A zoo keeper says that almost all of the elephants have weights in the range 2850 kg to 5550 kg. Comment on her statement. (2 marks)
- b) Approximately what percentage of elephants in the group has a weight between 3.3 tonnes and 3.75 tonnes. (2 marks)
- c) Approximately 2.5% of the elephants are heavier than what weight? (2 marks)

Question 2**(3 marks)**

A 90% confidence interval for a population proportion based on a sample size of 360 has width w .
What sample size is required to obtain a 90% confidence interval of width $\frac{w}{4}$?

Question 3**(3 marks)**

In a Methods exam, the class achieved an average of 45% with a standard deviation of 15%. The teacher decided to scale the marks so that the mean would be 65% and the standard deviation 12%.

Jason got a raw score of 40%. What would be his scaled score?

Question 4**(11 marks)**

When calculating a confidence interval for a population proportion from a sample an associated z score is used.

Use the table below to answer the following questions:

Confidence Interval	z score (rounded to 1 decimal place)
95%	2.0
87%	1.5
68%	1.0

- a) In a random sample of 100 people, 20 said they had watched an AFL game in the last year.
- i) Determine the proportion of those in the sample who had watched an AFL game in the last year. (1 mark)
- ii) Show that the standard deviation for the proportion is 0.04. (2 marks)
- iii) Determine a 95% confidence interval for the proportion of the population who had watched an AFL game in the last year. (2 marks)

A random sample size n_1 was taken and the proportion of people who had watched a game of AFL in the last year was m .

- b) Determine a 68% confidence interval for the proportion of the population who had watched an AFL game in the last year in terms of n_1 and m . (2 marks)

- c) A new sample of size n_2 was taken and the proportion of people who had watched a game of AFL in the last year was again m . When an 87% confidence interval was determined it was found to be the same as the interval determined in part b).

- i) Is n_2 larger or smaller than n_1 ? Explain. (2 marks)

- ii) What is the relationship between n_1 and n_2 ? (2 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS



**YEAR 12
MATHEMATICS
METHODS**

**Test 4, 2023
Section Two: Calculator Allowed
Normal Distribution and Sampling**

STUDENT'S NAME: _____

DATE: Thursday 31st August

TIME: 32 minutes

MARKS: 36
ASSESSMENT %: 10

INSTRUCTIONS:

Standard Items: Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraser

Special Items: 1 A4 page notes, Classpad, Scientific Calculator

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

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Question 5**(3 marks)**

It is thought that about 68% of all Year 12 students have their driver's licence by the time they leave high school. How large a sample would be needed to establish this to within a margin of error of 5% at the 95% confidence level?

Question 6**(3 marks)**

A random sample of 75 people were asked "Do you prefer AFL to soccer? From this a confidence interval $0.763 \leq p \leq 0.917$ was established at the x level.

How many people agreed with the question in the survey (*ie*: preferred AFL to soccer)

Question 7

(9 marks)

It is known that 30% of households in a large city own a bike.

- a) Let X be the random variable that represents the number of bike-owning households chosen in a random sample of 60 households.
- i) Describe the distribution of X and state its mean and standard deviation. (2 marks)
- ii) Determine the probability that 21 or more bike-owning households will be chosen in a sample of 60. (1 mark)
- b) A large number of random samples of 60 households are taken and each sample is used to calculate a point estimate for the proportion of bike-owning households in the city.
- i) Describe the distribution of these sample proportions and state the mean and standard deviation of the distribution. (2 marks)
- ii) By providing mathematical evidence, show that the distribution in b)i) is appropriate to approximate the distribution in a). (2 marks)
- iii) Using the distribution in b)i), determine the probability that a particular sample of 60 households will have 21 or more bike-owning households. (2 marks)

Question 8**(9 marks)**

In a random sample of 50 people, 18 indicated that they had used the new airport train line sometime in the last year.

- a) State the sample proportion, \hat{p} . (1 mark)

- b) Determine the sample standard deviation. (2 marks)

- c) Determine the 95% confidence interval for the population proportion p . (2 marks)

- d) Describe what happens to the confidence interval width if we increase our level of confidence to 99%. (1 mark)

In a second sample of 50 people, 23 people were found to have used the new airport train line last year.

- e) Using your previously calculated confidence interval, determine with reason if the result of the second sample is statistically different from that of the first. (3 marks)

Question 9**(12 marks)**

Scientists have discovered that the leaves of a gum tree are normally distributed and have a mean length of 14.7 cm with standard deviation of 36 mm.

- a) Determine the probability that a leaf selected from a gum tree has a length larger than 12.2 cm. (2 marks)
- b) Determine the probability that a leaf selected from a gum tree has length between 12.2 cm and 14.7 cm if it is less than 15 cm. (2 marks)
- c) Determine the 0.75 quantile length for leaves of a gum tree. (2 marks)
- d) 10 leaves are randomly selected from a gum tree to be further analysed. Determine the probability that at least half of these leaves have a mean length between 12.2 and 14.7 cm. (3 marks)

A different type of tree, the Eucalyptus, has 7% of its leaves less than 4 cm and 12% of its leaves greater than 14 cm.

- e) Determine the mean and standard deviation of the Eucalyptus leaf length. (Assume the length of the Eucalyptus leaves are normally distributed.) (3 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS